AC/I(21-22).2(II)..RUS19

S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for Applied component: Marine Science

Program: B.Sc.

Program Code: Zoology (RUSACMS)

(Choice Based Credit System for the academic year 2022–2023)



PROGRAM OUTCOMES

РО	PO Description	
	A student completing Bachelor's Degree in Science program	
	will be able to:	
PO 1	Recall and explain acquired scientific knowledge in a comprehensive	
	manner and apply the skills acquired in their chosen discipline. Interpret	
	scientific ideas and relate its interconnectedness to various fields in	
	science.	
PO 2	Evaluate scientific ideas critically, analyse problems, explore options for	
	practical demonstrations, illustrate work plans and execute them,	
	organise data and draw inferences.	
PO 3	Explore and evaluate digital information and use it for knowledge	
	upgradation. Apply relevant information so gathered for analysis and	
	communication using appropriate digital tools.	
PO 4	Ask relevant questions, understand scientific relevance, hypothesize a	
	scientific problem, construct and execute a project plan and analyse	
B0.5	results.	
PO 5	Take complex challenges, work responsibly and independently, as well	
	as in cohesion with a team for completion of a task. Communicate	
PO 6	effectively, convincingly and in an articulate manner. Apply scientific information with sensitivity to values of different cultural	
PO 6	groups. Disseminate scientific knowledge effectively for upliftment of	
	the society.	
PO 7	Follow ethical practices at work place and be unbiased and critical in	
107	interpretation of scientific data. Understand the environmental issues	
0,0	and explore sustainable solutions for it.	
PO 8	Keep abreast with current scientific developments in the specific	
	discipline and adapt to technological advancements for better	
Ka	application of scientific knowledge as a lifelong learner.	



PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO	Description	
	A student completing Bachelor's Degree in Science	
	program in the subject of Marine Science (Applied	
	component) will be able to:	
PSO 1	Gain comprehensive knowledge about sustainable fisheries, Zonation of sea, ocean and current systems, Marine products.	
PSO 2	Interrelate the concepts of ocean currents, tidal currents with climate change.	
PSO 3	Interpret and relate the various adaptations of intertidal, benthic and deep-sea organisms with their environment.	
PSO 4	Correlate the concepts of Salinity, Temperature, Density and Pressure with each other and deduce a meaningful explanation.	
PSO 5	Understand the aspects of areas such as in Physical oceanography, Physical oceanography, Emerging trends in fisheries, Aquaculture.	
PSO 6	Demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques and methods of analysis appropriate for their area of specialization within Marine Science.	
PSO 7	Get a flavour of research by working on project. It will further enable the students to think and interpret individually.	
PSQ 8	Apply their knowledge in problem solving and future course of their career development in higher education and research.	
PSO 9	Develop skills, concept and experience in the vast field of oceanography research.	



PROGRAM OUTLINE

YEAR	SEM	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CREDITS
_	V	RUSACMS501	Marine Science - I	2
B. Sc.	V	RUSACMSP501	Practical based on semester V paper	2
7. Y. I	VI	RUSACMS601	Marine Science - II	2
	VI	RUSACMSP601	Practical based on semester V paper	2



Course Code: RUSACMS501

Course Title: Marine Science - I

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Recall the conservation policies and status of Marine flora and fauna.
CO 2	Explain different zones of sea (marine habitat) and their impact on biodiversity.
CO 3	Enumerate different rules and regulations and the significance of sustainable fishery.
CO 4	Corelate the physical and chemical parameters of ocean during climate changes.
CO 5	Interrelate the different parameters of ocean and their effect on marine organisms.
CO 6	Compare and contrast different techniques used for sustainable fishery support.
CO 7	Demonstrate the skills of performing and analysing different chemical parameters of marine water.



Detailed syllabus

RUSACMS501	Title: Marine Science	Credits- 02
Unit I	Zonation of the Sea and Marine Biodiversity	15 lectures
	Zonation of the Sea –Vertical and Horizontal	
	Plankton classification and adaptations	
	Nekton adaptations	
	Benthic adaptations (two examples of each group)	, , 0
	Inter-tidal organisms (rocky, muddy & sandy shores)	11/0,0
	Deep sea organisms	
Unit II	Physical and Chemical oceanography and Ocean related climatic changes	15 lectures
	Physical parameters of the sea	
69//	 Influence of the following climatic phenomena Cyclone (including Phyan) El Nino 	
Unit III	Sustainable fishery	15 Lectures
	Fishery acts and monitoring bodies	
	Remote sensing and forecasting	
	Geographical Information System (GIS): Concept Applications of GIS in aquatic Resource	



	1	1
	identification	
	Digital Image Processing (DIP): Different Methods and Approaches	
	Satellite Imagery for sustainable fishery support.	
	Time series analysis, understanding trend for forecasting	
	Global Positioning System (GPS), LIDAR, RADAR, SONAR- Concept and its Applications; Echo-sounders and its applications	90
Unit IV	Status of Marine science research, Protection and Conservation	15 Lectures
	NIO, CMFRI, CIFE, FSI, CIBA, MPEDA NIOT	
	Patterns and Valuing Marine Biodiversity)
	Endangered, Threatened and Vulnerable marine species	
	 Conservation strategies and legislations for marine species Marine protected areas (MPA) Marine parks and Biosphere reserves. Conservation policy for marine species. Application of Statistical Data Analysis in Marine Science Research 	
RUSACMSP501	PRACTICALS	Credits-02
	MARINE SCIENCE	
1.	Chemical analysis of sea water: a) Silicates, b)	
1.	Phosphates, c) Nitrites-Nitrogen and Nitrates-Nitrogen, d) Chlorides by Conductometry, e) Turbidity, f) Estimation of CTD (Conductivity, Temperature and Depth)	
2.	Estimation of heavy metals from the given	
	water sample: Copper, Lead, Zinc	
3.	Study of oceanographic instruments: a) Niskin Water Sampler b) Van-Veen Grab c) Reversing Thermometer d) Current Meter e) Secchi Disc f) Standard Plankton Net g) Echosounder h) Corer i) ACDP (Acoustic Doppler Colour Profiler)	
	j) CTD (Conductivity Temperature Depth)	



4.	Ecological adaptations: Intertidal organisms	
	a) Porifera: Sponge (Sycon)	
	b) Coelenterata: Sea anemone, Coral,	
	Jelly fish	
	c) Annelida: Nereis, Arenicola	
	d) Arthropoda: Balanus, Hermit Crab	
	e) Mollusca: Oyster, <i>Mytilus</i> , <i>Sepia</i> ,	
	Loligo, Teredo	
	f) Echinodermata: Starfish, Sea urchin	
5.	Coral fish: Clown Triggerfish, Queen Angelfish	- 6 ^K
6.	Deep Sea Animals: Solefish (Psettodes and	1/0.0
_	Cynoglossus), Angler Fish	
7.	Study of zooplanktons:	
	Copepod, Zoea, Mysis, Saggita, Fish egg,	
	Doliolaria larva, Lucifer (Any five)	
8.	Identification and operation of traditional)
	crafts and gear.	
9.	Endangered marine species:	
	Identification and reason for decline of Salmon,	
10.	Sturgeon, Sea-lion, Seal and Whale	
10.	Study of telemetry tracking instruments for	
11.	marine endangered species Photographic documentation of Marine Science	
11.	related issues. Submission of soft & hard copy of	
	5 original photographs taken by the learner (Exact	
	Details required)	
	Field visit to any Marine Research Institute or	
	Marine Biodiversity park/ shore and	
	submission of report	
	*Note- The practicals may be conducted by	
	using preserved specimens / permanent slides	
	authorized by the wild life and such other	
	regulating bodies though it is strongly	
	recommended that the same should be taught	
	by using photographs/audiovisual	
	aids/simulations/models etc. as recommended	
	by the UGC and as envisaged in the	
	regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies.	
17 C)	No new specimens, however, shall be	
	procured for the purpose of conducting	

References:

- Nair, N.B and Thumpy D. H; (1980), A Textbook of Marine Ecology, Macmillan Book Company of India Ltd.
- Newell, R. C; (1979), Biology of intertidal animals, 3rd Edition, Lagos Press.
- Shrikrishna, Y and Shenoy, Latha; (2001), Crafts and Gear of India, ICAR Publication.



- Michael, P. and Shenoy Latha; Ecological Methods for Field and Laboratory Investigations –Course Material in Fishing Technology, CIFE, Versova, Mumbai.
- Yule and Kendell; Elementary Statistics (1937), Recent edition, Charless Griffin & Co. London.
- Michael King; Fisheries Biology (1995), Assessment and Management, Fishing New Publishers.
- Fisheries Bio-economics Theory (2001), Modeling and Management FAO Fisheries Technical Paper 368 – FAO.
- Chandy M., Fishes, (1970), National Book Trust of India.
- Chandra Prasanna; Financial Management- Theory and Practice, (2017),9thEdition,McGraw Hill Education.
- Khan & Jain; Financial Management, (2007), Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- Jhingran J.S, Fish and fisheries of India (1991), 3rd Edition, Hindustan Publication.
- Akintin, A.; Fish handling & Processing, 2nd edition, min. Agr. Fish and Food U.K.
- Gupta S. C. & Kapoor V. K., Fundamentals of Applied Statistics –10th edition (2002), Sultan Chand & Sons.
- Qasim, S. Z; (1998), Glimpses of the Indian Ocean, University Press (India Ltd.).
- Hart, J.B & Reynold, J; Handbook Fish Biology and Fisheries (2002), Ed.Print ISBN:9780632064823, Copyright © 2002 Blackwell Science Ltd
- Dr. B.F. Chhapgar, History of Marine Sciences in India Centenary issue BNHS.
- Thurman, H; Introductory Oceanography 8th Edition. (1997) Prentice Hall.
- King C.A.H; Introduction to Physical and Biological Oceanography (1975) ELBS Ltd.
- Tait, R.V; Elements of Marine Ecology (1998), 4th edition, Butterworths.
- Bal, D, V and Rao, K. V; Marine Fisheries of India (1990), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- N. Shahul Hameed, Boopendranath, (2000), Modern Fishing Gear Technology Daya Publishing House.
- Kolter, P., Marketing Management, (2015), 15th edition, Pearson Education India.
- Sharma J. K; Operations Research Theory and Application (2006), Third edition, Macmillan India Ltd.
- Venugopalan, V.K; Pollution and Toxicology, (1991), CAS in Marine Biology.
- Kurian & Sebastian; Prawn and Prawn Fisheries (1976), Hindustan Publishing corporation.
- Chandra Prasanna; Project Management, (2009), 7th edition, McGraw Hill Education.
- Arora C.P; Refrigeration and Air conditioning, (1981), 2nd edition, Tata-McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd.
- Svedrup, H.Uet al., The Oceans: Their Physics, Chemistry and General biology, (1942), Prentice-Hall, Inc., New York
- Apte Deepak; The Book of Indian Shells (2015), 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press.
- Dr. Parihar, R. P; Text book of fish biology and Indian Fisheries, (1994), Central Publication House, Allhabad.
- Dr. Chhapgar, B.F; Understanding the Sea, (2014), Oxford University Press.
- Wealth of India: A dictionary of Indian Raw Materials and Industrial Products, (1948),
 Vol. 4, CSIR Publication.
- Data site: data.gov.in.

For additional and latest information on the topics, various websites can be visited.



MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT (T.Y.B.Sc. Applied component)

A] Internal assessment - 40%: 40 marks

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Multiple choice questions)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Group Discussion	20
	TOTAL	40

B] External examination - 60%

- Semester End Theory Assessment = 60 Marks
 - Duration These examinations shall be of two hours each paper.
 - Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit III
Q.4) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit IV
Q.5) a, b, c, d, e	Any 3 out of 5	12	All Units
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field report/ Presentation	30
Total	40

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work and / or Viva voce	60
Total	60

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Coordinator / In charge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.



Course Code: RUSACMS601

Course Title: Marine Science - II

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Describe methods of preservation and processing for enhancing the shelf
	life and commercial value of seafood.
CO 2	Describe the causative agents, symptoms of different fish diseases.
CO 3	Identify the locally found marine flora and fauna.
CO 4	Enumerate about various marine products, their nutritional values, and
	their economic significance.
CO 5	Compare and contrast between types of culture systems in aquaculture.
CO 6	Formulate the course of treatment for different fish diseases.
CO 7	Demonstrate skill to perform chemical analysis of water, interpret the
	results.



Detailed syllabus

RUSACMS601	SACMS601 Title: Marine Science				
Unit I	Introduction to commercial aquaculture	15 lectures			
	Objectives, Benefits and Scope of Aquaculture.				
	Selection of Site and Species for Aquaculture and Construction of a typical Aquaculture farm, Feed formulation in Aquaculture.				
	Aquaculture systems: Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of prawn, Monoculture, Polyculture, composite fish culture.	1100			
	Brackish water aquaculture of <i>Litopenaeus</i> vannamei(Pacific White Shrimp)	. 0111			
	Types of Culture Systems in Aquaculture: Pond Culture, Cage Culture, Pen Culture, Raceway Culture Systems.	5			
	Lates calcarifer (Asian Sea Bass) culture in race ways.				
	Cage farming of Rachycentron canadum (Cobia)				
	Culture of brackish water crustaceans Economic evaluation of Aquaculture practices				
	Impact of Aquaculture on Environment				
11		45 1 (
Unit II	Marine Products	15 lectures			
	Biochemical composition of raw and preserved fish.				
	Fish protein concentrate, fish maws, isinglass, oils (body and liver), chitin, chitosan, Fish/ Prawn pickle and chutney, fish wafers, surimi, imitation products.				
	Bioactive Compounds				
m	 Sea as treasure house of new chemicals Bioactive metabolites from sponges and bacteria Bioactive toxins and eutrophication 				
0,0,	Commercial uses of sea weeds				
	 Uses of sea weeds as food: Nori (Porphyra), Kombu (Laminaria), Arame (Eisenia), Dulse (Palmaria) Liquid Seaweed Fertilizer Seaweed as source of Bio-fuel Seaweed in cosmetics 				
Unit III	Introduction to quality control, preservation and processing	15 Lectures			
	Methods of evaluating freshness and quality of				



	fish and prawn (Organoleptic, Microbial and Chemical)	
	Mechanisms of spoilage (Hyperemia, rigor mortis,	
	Autolysis, Rancidity)	
	Methods of preservation– Icing, Drying, Salting,	
	Canning, Pickling, Freezing	
Unit IV	Fish pathology	15 Lectures
	Fish diseases caused by:	
	 Protozoan 	
	Bacteria	, 20
	• Fungi	11/67
	Worms	
	Crustaceans	
	Non parasitic diseases	
	Fish tumour	
	Symptoms and Treatment of the above diseases)
	Disease diagnostics tools : Histopathological	
	methods, tools used in PCR and its applications.	
	Prevention techniques: Crop Rotation, Immune	
	Stimulants, Genetic Improvement	
RUSACMSP601	PRACTICALS	Credits-02
	MARINE SCIENCE	
1.	Estimation of primary productivity	
2.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)	
	Estimation of primary productivity	
2.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna:	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer,	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger,	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum,	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab	
2. 3.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus,	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell,	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus,	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell,	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell, Telescopium, Mytilus, Donax, Katelysia.	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell, Telescopium, Mytilus, Donax, Katelysia. Identification of marine algae: Ulva, Sargassum,	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell, Telescopium, Mytilus, Donax, Katelysia. Identification of marine algae: Ulva, Sargassum, Padina, Fucus, Polysiphonia, Laminaria	
2. 3. 4.	Estimation of primary productivity Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Estimation of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Identification of Common edible marine fauna: a) Fish: Polynemus spp, Lates calcarifer, Pampus argenteus, Parastromateus niger, Rastrelliger kanagurta, Cybium guttatum, Harpodon nehereus, Sardinella longiceps b) Molluscs: Oyster, Sepia, Loligo c) Crustaceans: Shrimp, Lobster, Crab Identification of molluscan shells: Trochus, Umbonium, Oliva, Conus, Conch shell, Telescopium, Mytilus, Donax, Katelysia. Identification of marine algae: Ulva, Sargassum, Padina, Fucus, Polysiphonia, Laminaria Identification of mangrove plants- Avicenia,	



9.	Extraction of Chitosan and Chitin from Prawn shell waste.
10.	Extraction of Gelatin
11.	Traditional method of preservation of Fish or prawn: Preparation of Prawn pickle
12.	Fish diseases: Identification from photograph / specimen. a) Protozoan b) Bacteria c) Fungi d) Worms e) Crustaceans f) Non-parasitic diseases
	Visit to any of the fish market /fishery industry /fish processing unit / landing centres / boat building industry / research vessel and submission of report.

References:

- Jhingran J.S, Fish and fisheries of India (1991), 3rd Edition, Hindustan Publication.
- Akintin, A.; Fish handling & Processing, 2nd edition, min. Agr. Fish and Food U.K.
- Gupta S. C. & Kapoor V. K., Fundamentals of Applied Statistics –10th edition (2002), Sultan Chand & Sons.
- Qasim, S. Z; (1998), Glimpses of the Indian Ocean, University Press (India Ltd.).
- Hart, J.B & Reynold, J; Handbook Fish Biology and Fisheries (2002), Ed.Print ISBN:9780632064823, Copyright © 2002 Blackwell Science Ltd
- Dr. B.F. Chhapgar, History of Marine Sciences in India –Centenary issue BNHS.
- Thurman, H; Introductory Oceanography 8th Edition. (1997) Prentice Hall.
- King C.A.H; Introduction to Physical and Biological Oceanography (1975) ELBS Ltd.
- Tait, R.V; Elements of Marine Ecology (1998), 4th edition, Butterworths.
- Bal, D, V and Rao, K. V; Marine Fisheries of India (1990), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- N. Shahul Hameed, Boopendranath, (2000), Modern Fishing Gear Technology Daya Publishing House.
- Kolter, P., Marketing Management, (2015), 15th edition, Pearson Education India.
- Sharma J. K; Operations Research Theory and Application (2006), Third edition, Macmillan India Ltd.
- Venugopalan, V.K; Pollution and Toxicology, (1991), CAS in Marine Biology.
- Kurian & Sebastian; Prawn and Prawn Fisheries (1976), Hindustan Publishing corporation.
- Chandra Prasanna; Project Management, (2009), 7th edition, McGraw Hill Education.
- Arora C.P; Refrigeration and Air conditioning, (1981), 2nd edition, Tata-McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd.
- Svedrup, H.Uet al., The Oceans: Their Physics, Chemistry and General biology, (1942), Prentice-Hall, Inc., New York
- Apte Deepak; The Book of Indian Shells (2015), 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press.



- Dr. Parihar, R. P; Text book of fish biology and Indian Fisheries, (1994), Central Publication House, Allhabad.
- Dr. Chhapgar, B.F; Understanding the Sea, (2014), Oxford University Press.
- Wealth of India: A dictionary of Indian Raw Materials and Industrial Products, (1948), Vol. 4, CSIR Publication.
- Nair, N.B and Thumpy D. H; (1980), A Textbook of Marine Ecology, Macmillan Book Company of India Ltd.
- Newell, R. C; (1979), Biology of intertidal animals, 3rd Edition, Lagos Press.
- Shrikrishna, Y and Shenoy, Latha; (2001), Crafts and Gear of India, ICAR Publication.
- Michael, P. and Shenoy Latha; Ecological Methods for Field and Laboratory Investigations –Course Material in Fishing Technology, CIFE, Versova, Mumbai.
- Yule and Kendell; Elementary Statistics (1937), Recent edition, Charless Griffin & Co. London.
- Michael King; Fisheries Biology (1995), Assessment and Management, Fishing New Publishers.
- Fisheries Bio-economics Theory (2001), Modeling and Management FAO Fisheries Technical Paper 368 FAO.
- Chandy M., Fishes, (1970), National Book Trust of India.
- Chandra Prasanna; Financial Management- Theory and Practice, (2017),9thEdition, McGraw Hill Education.
- Khan & Jain; Financial Management, (2007), Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- Data site: data.gov.in.

For additional and latest information on the topics, various websites can be visited.



MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT (T.Y.B.Sc. Applied component)

A] Internal assessment - 40%: 40 marks

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Multiple choice questions)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Group Discussion	20
	TOTAL	40

B] External examination - 60%

- Semester End Theory Assessment = 60 Marks
 - Duration These examinations shall be of two hours each paper.
 - Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit III
Q.4) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit IV
Q.5) a, b, c, d, e	Any 3 out of 5	12	All Units
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

(C) Internal Examination

Heading Practical

Journal 05

Lab Participation 05

Lab work/ Field report/ Presentation 30

Total 40

(D) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars Practical

Lab work and / or Viva voce 60

Total 60



PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / In charge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester- V and VI

Course	501/601			502	/602		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	40	60	100	40	60	100	200

ANNEXURES

Topics for assignment Semester V

(Teachers are expected to develop additional innovative topics, varying every year, to be assigned to the students)

- 1. Survey of frozen marine fish products on shelf in malls.
- 2. Survey of ready to eat fish food products on shelf in malls
- 3. Survey of ready to cook fish food products on shelf in malls.
- 4. Survey of prices of Marine Aquarium fishes
- 5. Survey of types and prices of Live Marine Aquarium fish food
- 6. Survey of types and prices of Marine Aquarium plants
- 7. Survey and listing of fishes and their prices from local market.
- 8. Survey of various aquarium equipments and their prices
- 9. Survey of fish by-products in cosmetic industry
- 10. Survey of fish by-products in pharmaceutical industry.
- 11. Knitting/ Preparing different fishery gear (nets).
- 12. Making models of different fishing crafts (boats) using biodegradable materials.

All topics mentioned above are suggestive, more creative and innovative topics are expected from the students, under the guidance of the concerned teacher, to suit the expertise, human resources, infrastructure and local needs as also the interest of the students. The assignment may be submitted in a group not exceeding three students.

Semester VI

Field Visits

☐ There shall be various short and long excursions / study tours / field visits / industrial visits in every semester, at least one of which shall be financially affordable to every student in the class; and that assessment and marks of field trips shall be solely based upon such where no student was restrained for financial limitations.



□ Field visits are to be organized to facilitate students to have firsthand experience &
exposure to technology/production/functioning of organization/units or witness a relevant
activity.
 Each student must make at least 01 (one) such visit to the units/treatment plants/aquation
or terrestrial habitat organized by the College.
□ The list is suggestive and not exhaustive.
1. Visit to net manufacturing industry
2. Visit to boat building industry

- 3. Visit to fish preservation/ processing industries4. Visit to local fish markets
- 5. Visit to fish landing centre
- 6. Visit to shore for studying important intertidal organisms
- 7. Visit to research institutes
- 8. Visit to Government and Semi-Government organizations like fishery departments, MPEDA and financial institutions
- 9. Visit to hatcheries and/or farms
- 10. Visit to fishery co- operative societies

Topics for Projects*

(Teachers are expected to develop additional innovative topics, varying every year, to be assigned to the students)

- 1. Prepare feasibility report for setting up an aquarium shop on small/large scale.
- 2. Prepare feasibility report for setting up an industry for manufacturing any one or more fish by-products.
- 3. Prepare feasibility report for setting up a fish culture unit.
- 4. Prepare feasibility report for building up a prawn culture unit.
- 5. Prepare feasibility report for various aspects of cold storage.
- 6. Prepare feasibility report for fish preservation unit.
- 7. Study of seasonal variation in nutrient content of marine water of any coast (silicates, phosphates, nitrates).
- 8. Analysis of marine water samples collected from different beaches. (DO/BOD/COD/Salinity/pH)
- 9. Study of Mangroves of coastal region.
- * The project is mandatory and must be submitted individually.
