Resolution No.: AC/II(18-19).2.RUS4

# S.P. Mandali's RAMNARAIN RUIA AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE



Syllabus for: S. Y

Program: B. Sc.

Course Code: Botany (RUSBOT)

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2019 – 2020)

#### **SEMESTER III**

Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credits	Lectures/ Week
RUSBOT 301		PLANT DIVERSITY III		
	I	Thallophyta (Algae) &Bryophyta		1
	II	Angiosperms	02	1
	III	Instrumentation		1
RUSBOT 302	FORM AND FUNCTION III			
	I	Cell biology		1
	II	Cytogenetics	02	1
	III	Molecular Biology	.0	1
RUSBOT 303	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES I			
	I	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry	(6,0)	1
	II	Economic botany	02	1
	III	Industry based on plant products	)	1
RUSBOTP 301, 302, 303	Practicals	Practical based on all the three courses in theory	03	09
		00	09	

## SEMESTER IV

Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credits	Lectures/ Week
		PLANT DIVERSITY IV		
RUSBOT 401	I	Thallophyta: Fungi, Plant Pathology and Lichens	02	1
	II 🔷	Pteridophyta and Paleobotany	02	1
	III	Gymnosperms		1
RUSBOT 402		FORM AND FUNCTION IV		
	1	Anatomy		1
	lh.	Plant Physiology and Plant Biochemistry	02	1
	III	Ecology and Environmental Botany		1
RUSBOT 403	0,	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIEN	ICES II	
		Biotechnology		1
	II	Biostatistics and Bioinformatics	02	1
0.9//.	III	Research Methodology I		1
RUSBOTP 401, 402, 403	Practicals	Practical based on all the three courses in theory	03	09
			09	

#### Course Code: RUSBOT 301 Course Title:Plant Diversity III Academic year 2019 - 20

#### Learning Objectives -

- The study of higher Algae, Bryophytes and detailed study of plant nomenclature, Angiospermic plant families by Bentham and Hookers system of classification.
- The instruments useful for practicals, learning the techniques and working of different instruments used to study plant diversity.

**Learning Outcomes** – The students will be able to identify Algae, Bryophytes and Angiosperms. Students will be able to appreciate the influence of various fields on taxonomy. Observation, collection of specimens from the nature by themselves for e.g. by going for excursion or short local visit to the places will enrich their knowledge further. They will also be able to grasp the working and handling of instruments and working on it for the specific practicals.

	Detailed Synabus	
RUSBOT 301	Title: Plant Diversity III	Credits – 2
UNIT I	Thallophyta (Algae) &Bryophyta	15 Lectures
	General Characters of Division Chrysophyta and Phaeophyta:	
	Distribution, Cell structure, range of thallus, Economic	
	Importance.	
	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of Vaucheria and	
	Sargassum	
	General Account of Class Anthocerotae	
	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Pellia and</i>	
	Anthoceros	
UNIT II	Angiosperms	15 Lectures
	Systematics: Categories and taxonomic hierarchy;	
	Plant Nomenclature	
	<ul> <li>Taxonomy in relation to</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Anatomy</li> </ul>	
	Chemical constituents	
~	With the help of Bentham and Hooker's system of	
	Classification for flowering plants study the vegetative, floral	
0,91	characters and economic importance of the following families:	
160.	Brassicaceae	
	Myrtaceae	
	Asteraceae	
	<ul> <li>Acanthaceae</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Amaranthaceae</li> </ul>	
	Euphorbiaceae	
	Palmae	
UNIT III	Instrumentation	15 Lectures
	Preservation methods :Dry and Wet method	
	Microscopy – Principle and working of Light, phase contrast,	
	fluorescent and electron microscope.	
	Chromatography- Principles and techniques of paper and thin	

	layer chromatography.		
	Principles and techniques of Horizontal and Vertical Gel		
	electrophoresis		
	PRACTICALS		
RUSBOTP 301	Plant Diversity III	Credits - 1	
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of Vaucheria and Sargassum fr	om fresh/	
	preserved material and permanent slides.		
2	Economic importance and range of thallus in Phaeophyta		
3	Study of stages in the life cycle of and <i>Pellia</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.		
4	Study of stages in the life cycle of Anthoceros from fresh/ prese	erved material	
	and permanent slides.		
5	Study of plants for anatomy in relation to taxonomy	20	
6	Study of plants for Alkaloids, Tannins, Phenols and Flavonoids	30	
	(chemotaxonomy)		
7	Study of one plant from each family prescribed for theory:		
	Brassicaceae		
	Myrtaceae		
	Asteraceae		
	Acanthaceae		
	Amaranthaceae		
	Euphorbiaceae		
	Palmae		
8	Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the me families.	mbers of these	
9	Preparation of herbarium and wet preservation technique		

Course Code: RUSBOT 302 Course Title:Form and function III Academic year 2019 - 20

#### Learning Objectives-

 The study of the fundamentals of Cell biology, Cytogenetics and Molecular Biology

**Learning Outcomes –** The students will be able to understand the details of cellular structures, causes and effects of chromosomal aberrations, sex determination and examples of extranuclear genetics. They also will be able to have a detailed understanding of the fundamentals of DNA replication and transcription.

RUSBOT 302	Title: Form and function III	Credits - 2
UNIT I	Cell biology	15 Lectures
	Ultra Structure and functions of the following cell organelles: Mitochondrion (membranes, cristae, F1 particles and matrix) Peroxisomes and Glyoxysomes, Ribosomes (prokaryotic, eukaryotic and subunits)	
	Cell Division and its significance: Cell Cycle, structure of Interphase Nucleus(nuclear envelope, chromatin network, nucleolus and nucleoplasm) Meiosis, Differences between Mitosis and Meiosis	

	Nucleic Acids: Types, structure and functions of DNA and RNA	
	Transfer to take 1 / pool of actions and furnished of bright and the first	
UNIT II	Cytogenetics	15 Lectures
	Variation in Chromosome structure (Chromosomal	
	aberrations) Definition, Origin, Cytological and Genetic effects	
	of the following: Deletions, Duplications, Inversions and	
	Translocations.	
	Variation in Chromosome number: Origin and production,	
	morphological and cytological features, applications in crop	
	improvement and evolution of aneuploids and euploids	
	(monoploids, autopolyploids and allopolyploids)	
	Extra nuclear Genetics -Organelle heredity-	
	Chloroplast determines heredity - Plastid transmission in	40,
	plants, Streptomycin resistance in <i>Chlamydomonas</i> .	30
	Male sterility in maize	,0
UNIT III	Malagular Dialagu	45 Looturoo
UNITIII	Molecular Biology	15 Lectures
	DNA replication : Modes of Replication, Messelson and Stahl	
	experiment  DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes- enzymes	
	involved and molecular mechanism of replication.	
	Protein Synthesis:	
	Central dogma of protein synthesis	
	Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: promoter	
	sites, initiation, elongation and termination.	
	RNA processing: Adenylation and Capping	
	PRACTICALS	L
RUSBOTP	Form and function III	Credits - 1
302	Form and function in	Credits - 1
1	Study of the ultra-structure of cell organelles prescribed for	or theory from
	photomicrographs	
2	Estimation of DNA from plant material (one standard and one u	
3	Estimation of RNA from plant material (one standard and one u	
4	Chromatography: Separation of amino acids by circular paper c	
5	Separation of Carotenoids by thin layer chromatogra	phy (projects/
	assignments)	
6	Study of inheritance pattern with reference to Plastid inheritance	
7	Study of cytological consequences of chromosomal aberration	
0.0,	Chromosomal Bridge, Ring chromosome, Chromosomal ring) for alides or photomicrographs	ioin permanent
0	Study of majoris from suitable plant material	
9	Study of meiosis from suitable plant material	ulo eventhocicod
9	Determining the sequence of amino acids in the protein molecular from the given m-RNA strand (prokaryotic and eukaryotic)	ale syrilitesised
10	Horizontal and Vertical Gel Electrophoresis – Demonstration	
10	Honzoniai and Vertical Get Liectrophoresis	

### Course Code: RUSBOT 303 Course Title:Current trends in Plant Sciences I Academic year 2019 - 20

#### Learning Objectives-

- The study of the pharmacognosy and phytochemistry using monographs from pharmacopoeia.
- The study of secondary metabolites and adulterants.
- To study economic botany.
- The applied usage of botanicals and understand industry applications of the same.

#### Learning outcomes -

Creating awareness about various pharmacopoeias and understanding the importance of pharmacopoeias in plant identification and standardization. Understanding forestry and the use of various forest products. Understanding the economic and commercial value of botanical products Understanding the industrial relevance of botanicals with respect to current demands of industry.

RUSBOT 303	Title: Current trends in Plant Sciences I	Credits - 2
UNIT I	Pharmacognosy and phytochemistry	15 Lectures
	Introduction to pharmacopoeia	
	Indian pharmacopoeia, India Herbal pharmacopoeia,	
	Ayurvedic pharmacopoeia	
	Study of monograph from pharmacopoeia; any one example.	
	Secondary metabolites: Sources, properties, uses and adulterants, regional and seasonal variations	
	Genuine and spurious drugs: Saraca asoca, Phyllanthus amarus and other species	
UNIT II	Economic Botany	15 Lectures
	Fibre yielding plants	
	Types of fibers: Jute and cotton	
	Paper yielding plants	
	Types of paper	
200	Spices and condiments: Cardamom ( <i>Elettaria cardamomum</i> and <i>Amomum subulatum</i> ), Javitri and Jaiphal ( <i>Myristica fragrans</i> )	
70	Commercial market of spices.	
UNIT III	Industry based on plant products	15 Lectures
	Aromatherapy- Introduction, Uses with few examples: Calendula, lemon, jasmine	
	Botanical and nutraceuticals - Spirulina, Vanillin, Garcinia indica/ Garcinia cambogia, Stevia, and Kale.	
	Industrial enzymes: Extraction methods and application: Cellulases, Papain, Bromelain – Biofuels.	
	PRACTICALS	
RUSBOTP 303	Current trends in Plant Sciences I	Credits - 1

1	Pharmacognostic evaluation of the following genuine and spurious drugs with
	reference to adulteration: Phyllanthus amarus, Phyllanthus debilis, , Saraca
	asoca, Polyalthia longifolia
2	Sources of: Fibres & Paper; Spices & condiments
3	Identification of botanical sources used in aromatherapy and nutraceuticals
	(examples as per theory)
4	Extraction and evaluation of enzymes
	papain (fruit and leaf)/ bromelain (stem and fruit)
5	Identification of plants used in biofuels
6	Estimation of crude fibre in cereals & their products: (Assignment and projects)
7	Study of biodiversity
	(Visit to National Park/ Botanical Garden/ forests): Assignments/ projects

#### **SEMESTER IV**

Course Code: RUSBOT 401 Course Title:Plant Diversity IV Academic year 2018-19

#### **Learning Objective:**

- The study of Ascomycete fungi with two life cycles.
- Study of Plant pathology, Lichens, Pteridophyta, Paleobotany and Gymnosperms.
- Classification of each of the above and knowledge about their economic importance.

**Learning Outcomes** –The students will learn to identify and study the life cycles of fungi, fungi causing plant diseases, lichens, Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, and fossil members mentioned in the syllabus.

RUSBOT 401	Title: Plant Diversity IV	Credits – 2
UNIT I	Thallophyta: Fungi, Plant Pathology and Lichens	15 Lectures
	General characters of Ascomycetae	
n	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Aspergillus</i> and <i>Xylaria</i>	
69,	Plant Pathology - symptoms, causative organism, disease cycle and control measures of Powdery mildew and Late blight of potato	
	Lichens- classification, structure, method of reproduction, economic importance and ecological significance of lichens.	
UNIT II	Pteridophyta and Paleobotany	15 Lectures
	Salient features and classification of Calamophyta and Pterophyta upto orders (G M Smith's system of classification)	
	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Equisetum and Lycopodium</i>	
	Paleobotany- Formation and types of fossils; Structure and systematic position of form genus <i>Rhynia</i>	

UNITIII	Gymnosperms	15 Lectures
	Salient features, classification up to orders (with examples of	
	each) (Chamberlain's system of classification to be followed)	
	Structure life cycle and systematic position of <i>Pinus</i>	
	Structure and systematic position of the form genus Cordaites	
	PRACTICALS	
RUSBOTP 401	Plant Diversity IV	Credits - 1
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of Aspergillus from fresh/ prese	rved material
	and permanent slides.	
2	Study of stages in the life cycle of Xylaria from fresh/ preserved	d material and
	permanent slides.	.0
3	Study of fungal diseases as prescribed for theory.	20
4	Study of Lichens (crustose, foliose and fruticose).	<b>X</b>
5	Study of stages in the life cycle of Equisetum and Lycopodium	from fresh/
	preserved material and permanent slides.	
6	Study of form genera Rhynia with the help of permanent slides	1
	photomicrographs	
7	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Pinus</i> from fresh/ preserved	material and
	permanent slides.	
8	Study of the form genus Cordaites with the help of permanent s	slide/
	photomicrographs.	

Gymnochorme

15 Lactures

#### Course Code: RUSBOT 402 Course Title:Form and function IV Academic year 2019 - 20

#### Learning Objectives-

HIMIT III

• The study of fundamentals of Anatomy, Plant Physiology and Plant Biochemistry, Ecology and Environmental Botany in detail

**Learning outcomes-** The students will be able to relate structure with function by studying different anatomical details. They will be able to understand the basic concepts and applications of respiration, photorespiration, photoperiodism and vernalisation. They will be able to grasp the principles governing ecology and environmental biology with reference to biogeochemical cycles, ecological factors, and community ecology.

RUSBOT 402	Title: Form and function IV	Credits – 2
UNIT I	Anatomy	15 Lectures
	Normal secondary growth in dicotyledonous stem and root.	
	Growth rings, periderm, lenticels, tyloses	
	Mechanical tissue system and	
	<ul> <li>Tissues providing mechanical strength and support and their disposition</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>I-girders in aerial and underground organs</li> </ul>	
	Conducting tissue system	
	Study of ecological adaptations: Xerophytes and halophytes	
UNIT II	Plant Physiology and Plant Biochemistry	15 Lectures

	Respiration: Aerobic: Glycolysis, TCA Cycle, ETS and	
	Energetics of respiration; anaerobic respiration.	
	Photorespiration: Mechanism of photorespiration,	
	Energetics and significance of photorespiration	
	<b>Photoperiodism</b> : Phytochrome Response and vernalization	
	with reference to flowering in higher plants, Physico-chemical	
	properties of phytochrome, Pr-Pfr interconversion, role of	
	phytochrome in flowering of SDPs and LDPs;	
	Vernalization mechanisms and applications.	
UNIT III	Ecology and Environmental Botany	15 Lectures
	<b>Ecological factors:</b> Concept of environmental factors. Soil as	
	an edaphic factor, Soil composition, types of soil, soil	.0
	formation, soil profile.	<b>30</b>
	Community ecology - Characters of community -	50
	Quantitative characters and Qualitative characters	
	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	
	PRACTICALS	
RUSBOTP	Form and function IV	Credits - 1
402		
1	Study of normal secondary growth in the stem and root of a Dic	cotyledonous
	plant (Sunflower, stem and root)	
2	Study of mechanical tissues in <i>Typha</i> ,	
3	Study of ecological adaptations: Xerophytes and halophytes	
4	Study of conducting tissues, Growth rings, periderm, lenticels, tyloses.	
5	Q <sub>10</sub> – germinating seeds using phenol red indicator.	
6	Study of the working of the following Ecological Instruments- So	il thermometer,
	Soil testing kit, Soil pH, Wind anemometer.	
7	Mechanical analysis of soil by the sieve method and pH of soil.	
8	Quantitative estimation of organic matter of the soil by Walkley	and Blacks
0		
0	Rapid titration method.	
0		
1	Rapid titration method.	aph).
	Rapid titration method.  Projects:	aph).

Course Code: RUSBOT 403
Course Title:Current Trends in Plant Sciences II
Academic year 2019 - 20

#### Learning Objectives -

- The study the basic principles and wider aspects of Horticulture, Biotechnology and Bioinformatics.
- Exposure to the field of research and methodology

**Learning outcomes -** The students will be able to identify horticulture garden plants and garden locations, work with various tissue culture techniques. They will be able to apply the tools of Biostatistics and Bioinformatics for analysis problem solving in Botany. Basic concepts of research and GLP shall be learnt by the students

RUSBOT 403	Title: Current Trends in Plant Sciences II	Credits – 2
UNIT I	Biotechnology	15 Lectures
	Introduction to plant tissue culture	
	A historic perspective	
	Laboratory organization and techniques in plant tissue	
	culture	
	Totipotency	
	Morphogenesis(Organogenesis - Rhizogenesis,     October and a six)	
	Caulogenesis)	
	Organ culture – root cultures, meristem cultures,	
	embryo culture	.0
	<ul> <li>Problems in plant tissue culture: contamination, phenolics and recalcitrance.</li> </ul>	00
	<ul> <li>Factors responsible for <i>in vitro</i> and <i>ex vitro</i> hardening</li> </ul>	> 50
	R-DNA technology-	
	Gene cloning	Ť
	Enzymes involved in Gene cloning	
	Vectors used for Gene cloning.	
	vectors ascartor serie distring.	
UNIT II	Biostatistics and Bioinformatics	15 Lectures
	Biostatistics:	
	The chi square test.	
	Correlation – Calculation of coefficient of correlation.	
	Bioinformatics	
	<ul> <li>Introduction and Bioinformatics resources: Knowledge</li> </ul>	
	of various databases and bioinformatics tools available	
	at these resources, data retrieval tools- Entrez	
	Organization of biological data, databases-the major	
	content of the databases, literature databases,	
	databases of bioinformatics: Primary, secondary and	
	tertiary	
	Sequence-based Database Searches; BLAST and FASTA,	
	various versions of basic BLAST and FASTA.	
UNIT III	Research Methodology I	15 lectures
ONII III	Basic concepts of research:	15 lectures
~	Review of literature and bibliography	
	Identification and understanding a research	
0,0,	problem.	
	Good laboratory practices	
	Molarity and normality	
	Preparation of solutions	
	Dilutions	
	Knowledge of common toxic chemical and safety	
	measures in their handling	
	PRACTICALS	
RUSBOTP		
403	Current Trends in Plant Sciences II	Credits - 1
1	Various sterilization techniques	1
2	Preparation of Stock solutions	

3	Preparation of MS medium.
4	Seed sterilization and inoculation
5	Callus induction
6	Identification of the cloning vectors – pBR322, pUC 18, Ti plasmid.
7	Chi square test
8	Calculation of coefficient of correlation
9	Sequence search in NCBI BLAST
10	Review of literature, its consolidation and bibliography
11	Preparation of molar and normal solutions
12	Preparation of Serial dilutions

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Noggle and Fritz (2002) Introduction to Plant Physiology by, Prentice Hall Publisher
- 2. An introduction to Genetic analysis Griffith Freeman and Company (2000)
- 3. Fundamentals of Biostatistics by Rastogi, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. (2009).
- 4. Instant Notes on Bioinformatics by Westhead (2002), Taylor Francis Publications.
- 5. Davis P.H and V.H Heywood (1963). Principles of Angiosperm Taxonomy. Oliver and BoydLondon.
- 6. Gurucharan Singh (2005)- Systematics theory and practice (Oxford IBH)
- 7. Heywood V.H (1967) Plant Taxonomy, London
- 8. Lawrence, G.H.M 1951. Taxonomy of Vascular Plants. N.Y.
- 9. Stewart W.N. and Rathwell G.W. 1993. Paleobotany and the Evolution of plants. CambridgeUniversity Press.
- 10. Swingle D.B. 1946. A Text book of Systematic Botany.McGraw Hill Book Co. New York.
- 11. Takhtajan A. 1969. Flowering Plants; Origin and Disposal.
- 12. Theodore Cooke(1903)- The flora of The Presidency of Bombay Vol. I, II, III
- 13. Verma, V. (2007): Text Book Of Plant Physiology, Ane Books India, New Delhi.
- 14. Nobel, P.S. 2009. Physicochemical and Environmental Plant Physiology.4th editionAcademic Press, UK
- 15. Taiz, L. and Zeiger, E. 2006. Plant Physiology.4th Edition.Sinnauers Associates, Saunders land, Massachusetts, USA
- 16. Salisbury F.B. and Ross C.B. 2005. Plant Physiology.5th Edition WadsworthPublishing Co. Belmont CA.
- 17. HelgiOPik, Stephen A. Rolfe, Arthur J. Willis. 2005. The Physiology of FloweringPlants, Cambridge University Press, UK
- 18. Kirkham, M.B. 2004. Principles of Soil and Plant Water Relations. Elsevier, Amsterdam, Netherlands.
- 19. Dennis, D.T., Turpin, D.H., Lefebvre, D.D. and Layzell, D.B. 1997. PlantMetabolism. 2nd Edition. Longman Group, U.K.
- 20. Fitter, A. and Hay, R.K.M. 2001. Environmental Physiology of Plants. AcademicPress, UK.
- 21. Press, M.C., Barker, M.G., and Scholes, J.D. 2000. Physiological Plant Ecology, British Ecological Society Symposium, Volume 39, Blackwell Science, UK.
- 22. Fundamental Molecular Biology; Allison LA; 2007
- 23. Techniques for Molecular Biology; Tagu D & Moussard C; INRA; 2006
- 24. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis; 5th Ed; Brown TA; 2006
- 25. Analysis of Genes and Genomes; Reece RJ; Wiley; 2004
- 26. Recombinant DNA and Biotechnology; 2nd Ed; Kreuzer H and Massey A; ASM: 2006
- 27. Text book of biotechnology, R.C.Dubey, 2009, S.Chand, Delhi

#### **MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT**

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

#### A) Internal Assessment - 40%: 40 marks.

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Assignment / Field Visit/ Submission/ On-line test /Active Participation (attentiveness/ability to answer questions)/Participation in academic or Co-curricular activities	20
2	One class Test (multiple choice questions / objective)	20

#### B) External examination - 60 %

#### Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 marks

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of 2 hours duration.
- ii. Paper Pattern:
  - There shall be 03 questions each of 16 marks and 01 question of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question & last question will be based on all the 03 units.
  - 2. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1 ) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit III
Q.4) a, b, c, d, e.	Any 3 out of 5	12	All units

#### **Practical Examination Pattern:**

#### (A) Internal Examination:

Practical I
05
15
20

#### (B) External (Semester end practical examination):

Particulars	Practical
Laboratory work and/or Viva voce	30
Total	30

#### PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

#### Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

#### Semester- III and IV

Course	ourse 301/401		302/402		303	/403	Total	Grand
					000/100		per	Total
							Course	
	Internal	External	Internal	External	Internal	External		
Theory	40	60	40	60	40	60	100	300
Practicals	20	30	20	30	20	30	50	150
23			x	1300 S				