

SEMESTER I

Course Code	UNIT	TITLE	Credits	Lectures/ Week
	PLANT DIVERSITY I			
	I	Algae		1
DUEDOT 404	I	Fungi	02	1
RUSBUT IUT	III	Bryophyta		1
		FORM AND FUNCTION I		
DUEDOT 402	I	Cell biology		1
RUSBUT TUZ	II	Ecology	02	1
	III	Genetics		1
RUSBOTP 101,102 Practicals		Plant Diversity I, Form and Function I	02	2
		(Practicals I and II)	υZ	۷.
			06	

SEMESTER II

Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credits	Lectures/ Week
		PLANT DIVERSITY II		•
		Pteridophytes		1
RUSBOT 201	<u> </u>	Gymnosperms	02	1
		Angiosperms		1
		FORM AND FUNCTION II	I	
RUSBOT 202		Anatomy		1
		Physiology	02	1
		Medicinal Botany		1
201,202	Practicals	Plant Diversity II, Form and Function II (Practicals I and II)	02	2
			06	
Ranna 06				

Course Code: RUSBOT 101 Course Title: Plant Diversity I Academic year 2019 - 20

Learning Objectives:

- Morphology, structure and importance of the organisms and differentiation between various groups of Algae, Fungi and Bryophyta.
- The life cycles of individuals belonging to Algae, Fungi and Bryophyta.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to understand the morphological and systematic knowledge about different plant groups. They will be able to make use of this knowledge for detailed study in their disciplines.

	Detailed Syllabus	XO	
RUSBOT 101	Title: Plant Diversity I	Credits – 2	
UNIT I	Algae	15 Lectures	
	General characters of Chlorophyta and Cyanophyta. Outline of		
	Classification according to G.M. Smith		
	Life cycle and systematic position of Nostoc and Spirogyra.		
	Economic importance of Algae.		
UNIT II	Fungi	15 Lectures	
	Introduction, definition, general characters, mode of nutrition, thallus structure, reproduction, economic importance, Outline of Classification according to G. M. Smith		
	Structure, lifecycle and systematic position of RhizopusandAlbugo		
	Economic importance of Fungi.		
	Modes of nutrition in Fungi (Saprophytism, predation and		
	Parasitism).		
UNIT III	Bryophyta	15 Lectures	
	Outline of classification according to G.M. Smith		
	General Characters of Hepaticae		
	Structure, me cycle and systematic position of <i>KICCIa</i> .		
	PRACTICALS		
DUCDOTD	PRACTICALS		
101 RUSBOTP	Plant Diversity I	Credits - 1	
Q1'0'	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Nostoc</i> from fresh/ preserved permanent slides	material and	
2	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Spirogyra</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides		
3	Economic importance of algae: <i>Ulva</i> (food), <i>Scendesmus and Chlorella</i> (Biofuel), <i>Spirulina</i> (Neutraceutical), <i>Gelidium</i> (Agar)		
4	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Rhizopus</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides		
5	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Albugo</i> from material and permanent slides		
6	Economic importance of Fungi: Mushroom, Yeast, wood rotting fungi (any bracket		
	fungus).		
7	Study of stages in the life cycle of Riccia from fresh/ preserved mater	rial.	

Course Code: RUSBOT 102 Course Title:Form and function I Academic year 2019 - 20

Learning objectives:

- The structure and functions of various plant cell organelles.
- The interactions taking place in the Ecosystems and the flow of energy.
- The ecological adaptations of various plants.
- The basic principles of Mendelian Genetics.

Learning outcome: Students will be able to understand the basic principles of plant cell organelles and plant ecology. They will further their knowledge in Mendelian Genetics. Students will perform experiments; gather data, test hypotheses, and draw conclusions based on data and understand the use of biometrics in biological sciences.

RUSBOT 102	Title: Form and Function I	Credits – 2
UNIT I	Cell Biology	15 Lectures
	Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell structure, General structure of	
	plant cell: cell wall, Plasma membrane (bilayer lipid structure, fluid	
	mosaic model) Mitosis	
	Ultra structure and functions of the following cell organelles:	
	Endoplasmic reticulum and Chloroplast.	
		451
	Ecology	15 Lectures
	Energy pyramids, energy flow in an ecosystem.	
	Types of ecosystems: aquatic and terrestrial.	
	Biogeochemical cycles: Carbon, Nitrogen and Water.	
	Biodiversity Hotspots and PAN	
		451
	Genetics	15 Lectures
	Phenotype/Genotype, Mendelian Genetics- monohybrid, dihybrid	
	Fristatio and non-orietatic interactional multiple alleles	
	Epistatic and non epistatic interactions; multiple alleles.	
	Sex determination	
	tomolog. Sox determination in managerious and dispersions plante	
	Conic Balance Theory of soy determination in Drosenhila Lyon's	
2	Hypothesis of X chromosome inactivation	
	Sex linked inheritance- eve colour in Drosonhila Haemonhilia	
$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{O}}$	colour blindness	
	Sex influenced inheritance- baldness in man	
	PRACTICALS	
RUSBOTP	Form and Eurotian II	Credite 4
101	Form and Function II	Credits - 1
1	Examining various stages of mitosis in root tip cells (Allium)	
2	Cell inclusions: Starch grains (Potato and Rice); Aleuronelayer, Maiz	e
3	Cystolith (<i>Ficus</i>); Raphides (<i>Pistia</i>); Sphaeraphides (<i>Opuntia</i>).	
4	Identification of cell organelles with the help of photomicrograph Plastids:	
	Chloroplast, Amyloplast, Endoplasmic reticulum and Nucleus.	
5	Identification of plants adapted to different environmental condition	ons and

Detailed Syllabus

	internal structure adaptations: Hydrophytes free floating (<i>Pistia /Eichhornia</i>), Rooted floating (<i>Nymphaea</i>), submerged (<i>Hydrilla</i>), Mesophytes (any common plant), Hygrophytes (<i>Typha, Cyperus</i>)	
6	Calculation of mean, median and mode.	
7	Calculation of Standard deviation.	
8	Frequency distribution, graphical representation of data-frequency polygon, histogram, pie chart.	

Course Code: RUSBOT 201 Course Title: Plant Diversity II Academic year 2019 - 20

Learning Objectives:

- Learn the life cycles of individuals belonging to Pteridophyta and differentiate between different types of steles.
- The classification, life history and economic importance of Gymnosperms.
- The taxonomical terminology and understand the meaning of the same.
- The morphology, structure and functions of various parts of plants.

Learning Outcome: Students will be able to understand the Pteridophyte and Gymnosperm life cycles, Angiosperm families and their economic importance and also their systematic position.

Detailed Syllabus

RUSBOT 201	Title: Plant DiversityII	Credits – 2		
UNIT I	Pteridophytes	15 Lectures		
1	Salient features and classification of Psilophyta and Lepidophyta			
	upto orders according to G. M. Smith's classification.			
2	Structure life cycle, systematic position and alternation of			
	generations in Selaginella.			
3	Stelar evolution.			
4	Economic importance and propagation of ferns.			
	40			
UNIT II	Gymnosperms	15 Lectures		
1	General characters, Outline of classification according to C.J.			
	Chamberlin			
2	Structure life cycle systematic position and alternation of			
\sim	generations in Cycas.			
3	Economic importance of Gymnosperms.			
4	Geological time scale.			
UNIT III	Angiosperms	15 Lectures		
1	Definition of taxonomy, systematic botany, concepts of taxonomy,			
	aims of taxonomy.			
2	Study of following families: Magnoliaceae, Malvaceae,			
	Leguminosae, Solanaceae, Amaryllidaceae.			
	PRACTICALS			
RUSBOTP 201	Plant Diversity II	Credits - 1		

1	Study of stages in the life cycle of Selaginella, T.S. of rachis.
2	T.S. of Selaginella stem
3	Stelar evolution with the help of permanent slides, Protostele, haplostele, actinostele, plectostele, mixed protostele, siphonostele, ectophloic, amphiphloic, dictyostele, eustele and atactostele.
4	<i>Cycas</i> : T.S of leaflet (<i>Cycas</i> pinna) microsporophyll, megasporophyll, coralloid root, microspore, L.S. of ovule of <i>Cycas</i> – all specimens to be shown.
5	Economic importance of Gymnosperms: Pinus (turpentine, wood, seeds)
6	Leaf: simple leaf, types of compound leaves, Incisions of leaf, leaf base, apex, margins and leaf shapes. Modifications of leaf: spine, tendril, hooks, phyllode, pitcher, <i>Drosera</i> or insectivorous plants.
7	Inflorescence: Racemose: simple raceme, spike, catkin, corymb, umbel, spadix, capitulum. Cymose, monochasial, dichasial, polychasial. Compound: Panicle, cyathium, verticellaster, hypanthodium.
8	Study of following families: Magnoliaceae, Malvaceae, Leguminosae, Solanaceae, Amaryllidaceae.
9	Propagation of ferns

Course Code: RUSBOT 202 Course Title: Form and function II Academic year 2019 - 20

Learning Objectives:

- The primary anatomical structure and functions of various tissues System in plants. Primary Structure of Dicot and Monocotstem, leaf and root.
- The basic physiological processes including photosynthesis and differentiate between C₃, C₄ and CAM plants.
- The use of plant resources for food and medicine.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to understand the anatomical structure and functions of various tissues System in plants. Understand physiological processes and their importance. Study the basic concept of primary and secondary metabolites. Study about the economic use, morphology, products and uses of several economically important plants.

Detailed Syllabus

RUSBOT 202	Title: Form and function II	Credits – 2	
UNIT I	Anatomy	15 Lectures	
	Simple tissues, complex tissues, meristematic tissues, permanent tissues, wall ingrowths and transfer cells, adcrustation and incrustation, ergastic substances.		
2	Primary structure of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaf (Kranz anatomy).		
3	Epidermal tissue system: types of hair, monocot and dicot stomata.		
UNIT II	Physiology	15 Lectures	
1	Photosynthesis: Light reactions, photolysis of water photophosph		
	non-cyclic), carbon fixation phase (C_3 , C_4 and CAM pathways).		
2	Plant immune system		
UNIT III	Medicinal Botany	15 Lectures	

1	History of medicinal botany		
2	Concept of primary and secondary metabolites, difference		
	between primary and secondary metabolites.		
3	Grandma's pouch: Following plants have to be respect to		
	botanical source, part of the plant used, active constituents		
	present and medicinal uses: Ocimum sanctum, Justicia		
	adhatoda, Zinziber officinale, Curcuma longa, Santalum album,		
	Aloe vera.		
4	Functional Foods : Garlic, Carrot, Citrus, Jackfruit, Drumstick and		
	Dill		
	PRACTICALS	<u> </u>	
RUSBOTP	Form and function II	Credits - 1	
202			
1	Primary structure of dicot and monocot root.		
2	Primary structure of dicot and monocot stem.		
3	Study of dicot and monocot stomata.		
4	Epidermal outgrowths: with the help of mountings: Unicellular: Goss	idermal outgrowths: with the help of mountings: Unicellular. Gossypium/Radish	
	Multicellular: Lantana/Sunflower	ar: Lantana/Sunflower	
	Glandular: Drosera and Stinging: Urtica – only identification with per	manent	
	des.		
	Peltate: Thespesia		
	Stellate: Erythrina/ Sidaacuta/ Solanum/ Helecteris		
	T-shaped: Avicennia	l: Avicennia	
5	Separation of chlorophyll pigments by strip paper chromatography.		
6	Separation of amino acids using strip paper chromatography.		
7	Extraction of anthocyanin pigments and their use as a pH indicator.		
8	Tests for tannins.		
9	Identification of plants/plant parts found in Grandma's Pouch.		
10	Identification of functional foods		

Note: Two short field excursions for habitat studies are compulsory. Field work of not less than eight hours duration is equivalent to one period per week for a batch of 15 students.

Ralling

References

- 1. Brodie J. and Lewis J. (2007). (Ed.) Unravelling the algae: the past, present and future of algal systematics. CRC press, New York, pp 335.
- 2. Bellinger E.G. and Sigee D.C. (2010). Freshwater algae: Identification and use as bioindicators, Willey-Blackwell, UK, pp. 271.
- 3. Cole K.M. and Sheath R.G. (1990). Biology of the red algae. Cambridge
- 4. University Press.USA. pp. 503.
- 5. Desikachary T.V. (1959). Cyanophyta. ICAR, New Delhi.
- 6. Graham L.E. and Wilcox L.W. (2000). Algae. Penticce-Hall, Inc, pp. 64
- 7. Krishnamurthy V. (2000). Algae of India and neighboring countries I.Chlorophycota, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- 8. Lee R.E. (2008). Phycology. Cambridge University Press, pp.547.
- 9. College Botany Volume I and II (2006). Gangulee, Das and Dutta latest edition. Central Education enterprises
- 10. Misra J.N. (1996). Phaeophyceae in India. ICAR, New Delhi.
- 11. Prescott G.W. (1969). The algae.
- 12. Smith G.M. (1950). The fresh water algae of the United States, Mc-graw Hill NewYork.
- 13. Srinivasan K.S. (1969). Phycologia India. Vol. I & II, BSI, Calcutta.
- 14. Vashista B.R, Sinha A.K and Singh V.P. (2005). Botany for degree students Algae, S.Chand's Publication.
- 15. Ainsworth, Sussman and Sparrow (1973). The fungi. Vol IV A & IV B. AcademicPress.
- 16. Alexopolous C.J., Minms C.W. and Blackwell M. (1999). (4th edn) IntroductoryMycology. Willey, New York, Alford R.A.
- 17. Deacon J.W. (2006). Fungal Biology (4th Ed.) Blackwell Publishing, ISBN.1405130660.
- 18. Kendrick B. (1994). The fifth kingdom (paperback), North America, New YorkPublisher: 3rd edn, ISBN- 10: 1585100226.
- 19. Kirk et al. (2001). Dictionary of fungi, 9th edn, Wallingford: CABI, ISBN:085199377X.
- 20. Mehrotra R.S. and Aneja K.R. (1990). An introduction to mycology. New AgePublishers, ISBN 8122400892.
- 21. Miguel U., Richard H., and Samuel A. (2000). Illustrated dictionary of the
- 22. Mycology. Elvira Aguirre Acosta, Publisher: St. Paul, Minn: APS press, ISBN0890542570.
- 23. Webster J. and Rpland W. (2007). Introduction to fungi (3rd Edn) CambridgeUniversity Press, 978-0-521-80739-5.
- 24. Dube H.C. (2004). An Introduction to fungi. Vikas Publishers.
- 25. Sharma O.P. (2010). A text book of fungi. S.Chand's Publication.
- 26. Vashista B.R and Sinha A.K (2008). Botany for degree students Fungi,S.Chand's Publication.
- 27. Cavers F. (1976). The interrelationships of the Bryophytes. S.R. Technic, AshokRajpath, Patana.
- 28. Chopra R.N. and Kumar P.K. (1988). Biology of Bryophytes. John Wiley & Sons,New York, NY.
- 29. Parihar N.S. (1980). Bryophytes: An Introduction to Embryophyta. Vol I. CentralBook Depot, Allahabad.
- 30. Watson E.V. (1971). Structure and Life of Bryophytes.3rd Edn.

HutchinsonUniversity Library, London.

- Sporne K.R. (1986). The morphology of Pteridophytes. Hutchinson 31. UniversityLibrary, London.
- 32. Stewart W.N. and Rothwell G.W. (2005). Paleobotany and the Evolution of Plants.2nd Edn. Cambridge University Press.
- 33. Arnold A.C. (2005). An Introduction to Paleobotany. Agrobios (India). Jodhpur
- Taxonomy of Angiosperms, 1994, V. N. Naik, Tata McGraw Hill 34. PublishingComp., New Delhi
- 35. Systematic Botany, 1988, S. C. Dutta, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi
- 36. College Botany, Vol. I. 2002, Gangulee, Das and Datta, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata
- 37. Taxonomy of Angiosperms, 2010, V. Singh and D. K. Jain , Rastogy Publications Meerut.
- 38. Plant Anatomy 2007, B. P. Pandey, S. Chand and Comp. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 39. Plant Anatomy, 1993, Esau K., Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
- Morphology of the angiosperms, 1961, Eames A.J., Mc. Graw Hill, New York. 40.
- Wallis, T.E. Text books of pharmacognosy CBS publishers and distributor New 41. Delhi (2014)
- 42. Pathak, Khatri, Pathak, 2003, Fundamentals of plant pathology, Agrbios
- 43. Mehrotra, R.S. 1991, Plant Pathology, Tata McGraw Hill Co.Delhi\.
- 44. PandeyB.P.2009, Plant Pathology, S.Chand Co.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment - 40% :40 marks.

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Assignment / Field Visit/ Submission/ On-line test /Active Participation (attentiveness/ability to answer questions)/Participation in academic or Co-curricular activities	20
2	One class Test (multiple choice questions / objective)	20

B) External examination - 60 %

Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 marks

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of **2 hours** duration.
- ii. Paper Pattern:
 - 1. There shall be **03** questions each of **16** marks and **01** question of **12** marks. On each unit there will be one question & last question will be based on all the **03** units.
 - 2. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	16	Unit III
Q.4) a, b, c, d , e.	Any 3 out of 5	12	All units

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination:

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Practical/ Field Report/	15
Presentation	
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination):

Particulars	Practical
Laboratory work and/or Viva voce	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Course	101/201			102/202		Grand Total			
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total			
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200		
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100		

Semester- I and II

Т

Г

_